

Liquid Krill Hydrolyzate



General description:

Enzymatic hydrolyzate high in oligopeptides, produced 100% from Antarctic krill (*Euphasia superba*).

Use:

It provides a potent stimulating effect on feed intake and is a natural source of carotenoid pigments. Inclusion rates recommended as palatant between 0.5-5% of the formulation.

Physical appearance:

Appearance:	Low viscosity fluid orange liquid.
Smell:	A fresh zooplankton like to that of crustaceans
Flavor:	Natural marine flavor, like to shrimp, sweet.

Pigment Content:

Astaxanthin ester (*):	Range 15 – 30 mg/kg (ppm)
Free Astaxanthin:	< 3 mg/kg (ppm)

(*) Analyzed as esters of Astaxanthin and expressed as equivalent Astaxanthin.

Stabilization:

Stabilized with acids	pH < 5
Stabilized with salt	> 7%
Degrees Brix	> 25 °Bx

Standard Packaging:

Packaged in 20 liter tinette, IBC bin or 1000 liter Octobin.

Storage:

Pacificpeps Dos SpA
tommy@pacificpeps.cl
+56 984447839

Store in a cool, protected environment in closed containers with minimal presence of oxygen. Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.

Shelf life:

12 months from the date of production.

Microbiology:

<i>Salmonella spp.</i> (pres./abs., in 25 g)	Absence
<i>Enterobacteriaceas</i> (CPU/g)	< 300

TYPICAL COMPOSITIONAL ANALYSIS (*E. superba*)

(Depending on seasonal variation)

CRUDE PROTEIN (Nx6.25)

11 - 13%

Pacificpeps Dos SpA
tommy@pacificpeps.cl
+56 984447839

GRASA CRUDA	2 - 6%
ASH	3.5% MAX,
MOISTURE	80.0% MAX.
CRUDE FIBER	0.5% MAX.

TYPICAL ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID PROFILE

(as % of the sample)

Arginine (Arg)	0.79	Histidina (His)	0.28
Isoleucine (Ile)	0.71	Leucina (Leu)	1.10
Lysina (Lys)	1.10	Methionine (Met)	0.41
Serine (Ser)	0.55	Threonine (Thr)	0.59
Tryptophan (Trp)	0.18	Valine (Val)	0.70

(as % of the crude protein)

Arginine (Arg)	6.17	Histidine (His)	2.19
Isoleucine (Ile)	5.55	Leucine (Leu)	8.59
Lysine (Lys)	8.59	Methionine (Met)	3.20
Serine (Ser)	4.30	Threonine (Thr)	4.61
Tryptophan (Trp)	1.41	Valine (Val)	5.47

TYPICAL FATTY ACIDS PROFILE

(as g/100 g extracted fat)

Myristic acid	C14:0	8.3	Palmitoleic acid	C16:1 n-7	5.8
Palmitic acid	C16:0	18.1	Oleic/Vaccenic acid	C18:1 n-9+n-7+n5	14.7
Stearic acid	C18:0	1.2	Eicosenoic acid	C20:1 n-9+n-7	0.7
Arachquid acid	C20:0	< 0.1	Cetoleic/Erucic acid	C22:1 n-11+n-9	0.5

Behenic acid	C22:0	0.1	Nervonic acid	C24:1 n-9	< 0.1
Sum Saturated Fatty Acids		27.7	Sum Monoenoic Fatty Acids		21.7
cis-9,12-hexadecadienoic acid			C16:2 n-4		0.7
cis-9,12,15-hexadecatrienoic acid			C16:3 n-4		0.3
Linoleic/Linolelaidic acid			C18:2 n-6 (c+t)		1.1
γ-Linolenic acid			C18:3 n-6		0.1
cis-11,14-Eicosadienoic acid			C20:2 n-6		< 0.1
cis-8,11,14-Eicosatrienoic acid			C20:3 n-6		< 0.1
Arachidonic acid			C20:4 n-6 (ARA)		0.2
Adrenic acid			C22:4 n-6		< 0.1
α-Linolenic acid			C18:3 n-3		0.5
cis-6,9,12,15-Octadecatetraenoic acid			C18:4 n-3		1.3
cis-11,14,17-Eicosatrienoic acid			C20:3 n-3		0.1
cis-8,11,14,17-Eicosatetraenoic acid			C20:4 n-3		0.4
cis-5,8,11,14,17-Eicosapentaenoic acid			C20:5 n-3 (EPA)		14.2
Heneicosapentaenoic acid			C21:5 n-3		0.5
cis-7,10,13,16,19-Docosapentaenoic acid			C22:5 n-3 (DPA)		0.5
cis-4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenoic acid			C22:6 n-3 (DHA)		5.7
Sum PUFA (n-4) fatty acids					1.0
Sum PUFA (n-6) fatty acids					1.4
Sum PUFA (n-3) fatty acids					23.2
Sum total-PUFA fatty acids					25.6
Sum EPA+DHA					19.9
Sum EPA+DPA+DHA					20.4
Sum identified fatty acids					75.0
Sum unidentified fatty acids					6.2

omega-6/omega-3 ratio	0.06
omega-3/omega-6 ratio	16.57

TYPICAL LIPID CLASSIFICATION

(as g/100 g extracted fat)

Triacylglycerol	37.0
Diacylglycerol	1.4
Monoacylglycerol	< 1.0
Free Fatty Acids	< 3.5
Cholesterol	0.9
Cholesterol esters	< 0.5
Phosphatidyletanolamin	1.3
Phosphatidylinositol	< 1.0
Phosphatidylserin	< 1.0
Phosphatidylcholin	28.0
Lyso-Phosphatidylcholin	4.6
Total Polar Lipids	33.7
Total Neutral Lipids	43.3
Total Sum Lipids	77.0

TYPICAL Mw DISTRIBUTION PROFILE

(as % of water soluble peptides)

Mw-peptide > 20.000 Dalton	1,0
Mw-peptide 20.000-15.000 Dalton	0,1
Mw-peptide 15.000-10.000 Dalton	0,1
Mw-peptide 10.000-8.000 Dalton	0,1
Mw-peptide 8.000-6.000 Dalton	0,1
Mw-peptide 6.000-4.000 Dalton	0,3
Mw-peptide 4.000-2.000 Dalton	2,5
Mw-peptide 2.000-1.000 Dalton	8,7
Mw-peptide 1.000-500 Dalton	20,4

Mw-peptide PM 500-200 Dalton	36,0
Mw-peptide (amino acids) < 200 Dalton	30,8
*Water soluble crude protein (g/100 g sample)	12,6

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- First feeding and juvenile diets for marine and freshwater species due to the contribution of essential marine phospholipids that are critical at this stage of the crop cycle.
- Entry diets for marine smolt.
- High replacement and breeder fattening diets.
- Post-treatment diets following an outbreak of disease.
- To improve the taste of oral treatments formulated with palatability bullet components.
- To enhance the flavor of feed, especially those formulated with a high protein content of plant origin.
- To enhance and complement the range of Essential Fatty Acids (EFA) in diets.
- To enhance and complement proteins and amino acids within diets.
- To enhance and complement trace minerals within diets.
- To enhance and complement the levels of marine phospholipids and pigment within diets.
- To provide an appetite stimulant / flavoring for fish under stress and boost feed intake.
- To provide an appetite stimulant / flavoring for farmed fish at low temperature.
- As a palatant in premium pet food.
- As a source of high digestibility amino acids and oligopeptides for first-feed animals.

Information Source Raw Material:

Dehydrated Krill stabilized with antioxidants, produced by cooking, pressing, drying (vacuum dryers) of marine zooplankton (*Euphasia superba*). Produced on board the F / V Antarctic Endeavor (EU registration number 2505). Production area: Antarctic (capture area is AREA 48). For the krill resource, it works under the regulations of the CCAMLR (Commission for the Conservation of Living Antarctic Marine Resources). MSC (Marine Stewardship Council) certification.